



TITANs Meeting
11th - 13th December 2024

Do SMBH mass estimates *agree* one to each other?

A study on the systematics of indirect MBH estimators in the
ETHER database



Joaquín Hernández Yévenes

Universidad de Concepción

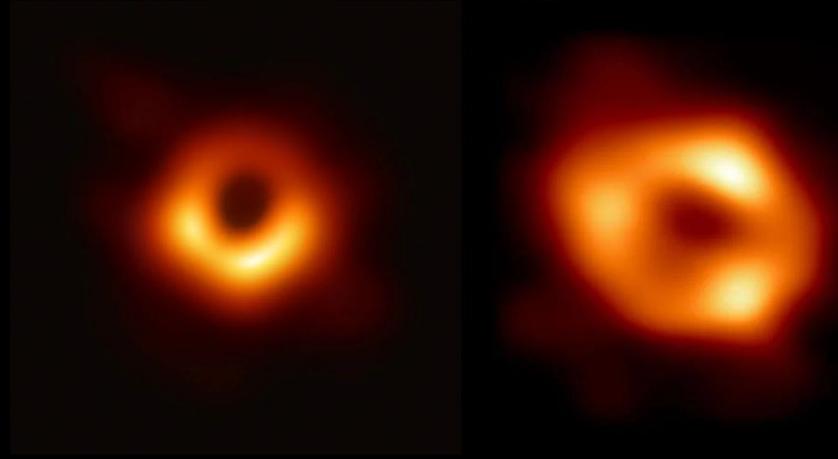
Facultad de Cs. Físicas y Matemáticas

Departamento de Astronomía



Supermassive Black Holes (SMBH)

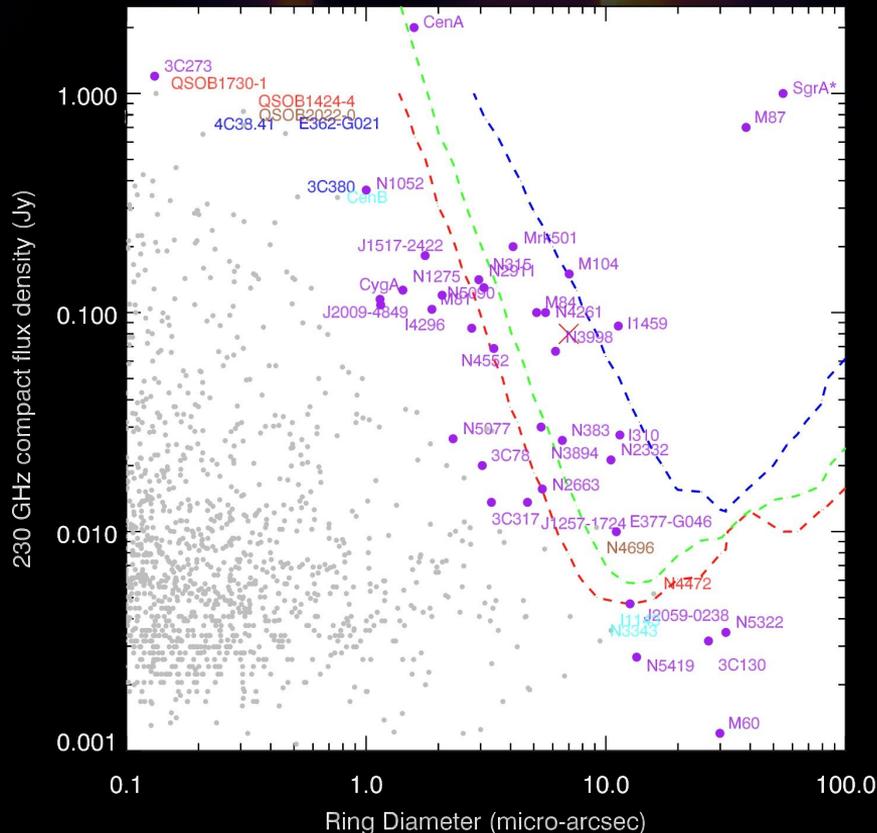
- Supermassive black holes (SMBH), ranging from 10^5 to $10^{10} M_{\odot}$, are present in galactic nuclei ([Graham+2016](#)), influencing the evolution and structure of host galaxies ([Rees 1984](#), [Kormendy+2013](#)).



Left: Image of the shadow of M87* and its emission at 230 GHz.
Right: Same, but for Sgr A* ([EHTC+2019, 2022](#))

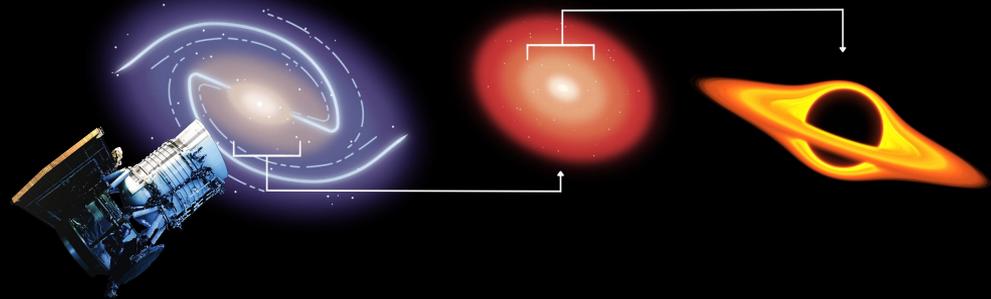
MBH estimates in ETHER

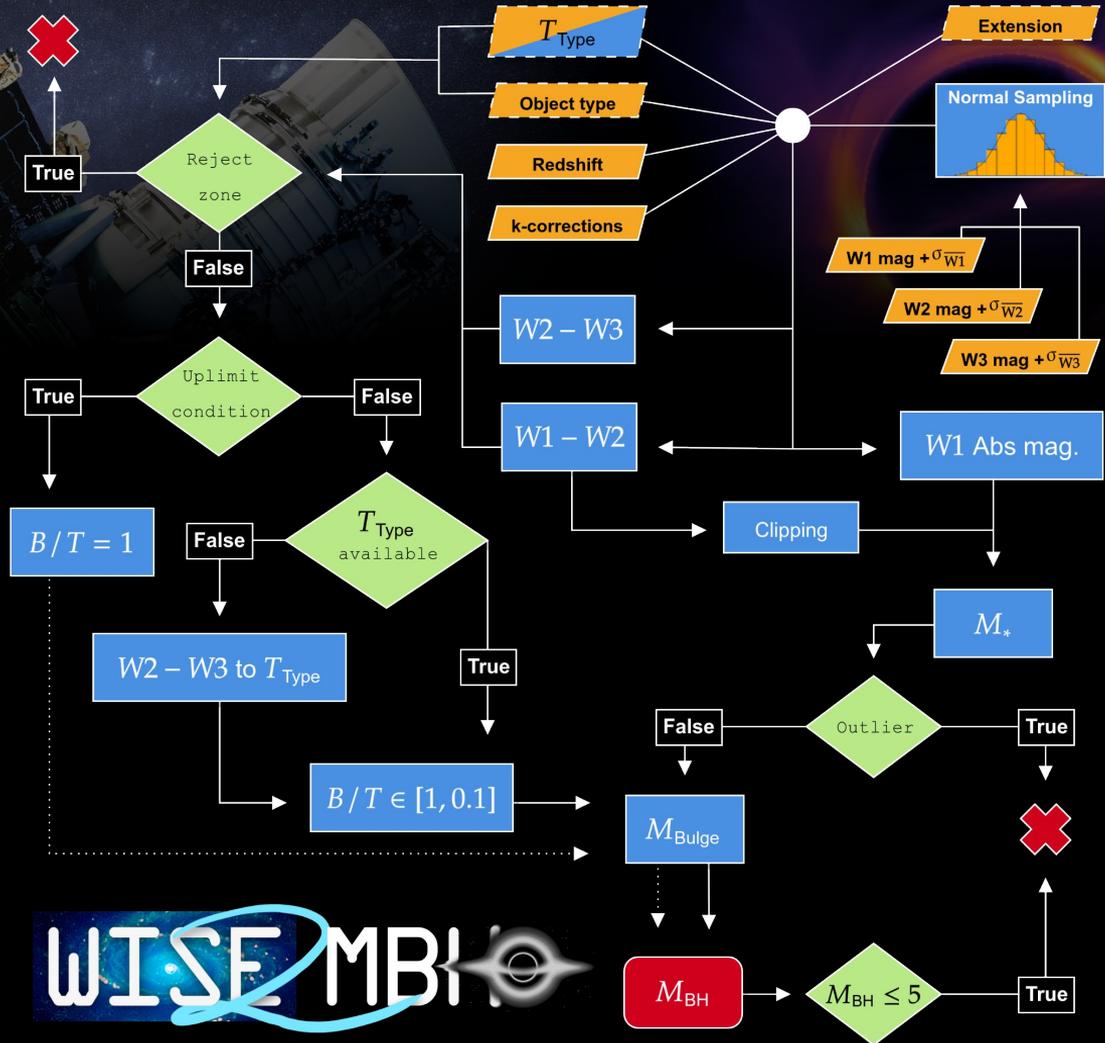
- Compilations from M-sigma, e.g. Portsmouth (pPXF) or Wisconsin (PCA). Around 1.5M estimates.
- Single-epoch spectra (or single-epoch RM) from [Rakshit+2020](#) (500k estimates)
- WISE2MBH (3M estimates+uplimits, ~75% disponibility)



WISE2MBH: Scaling from mid-IR photometry (Hernández-Yévenes+2024)

- Uses WISE bands for total stellar mass and SFR estimation, AGN selection, morphology estimation, etc (mainly work from Jarrett & Cluver).
- Bulge-to-total ratios are used to get bulge masses and then scaled down to black hole mass (Schutte+2019, Hernández-Yévenes+2024).
- Empirical AGN compensation is applied in updated version (Hernández-Yévenes+in prep).



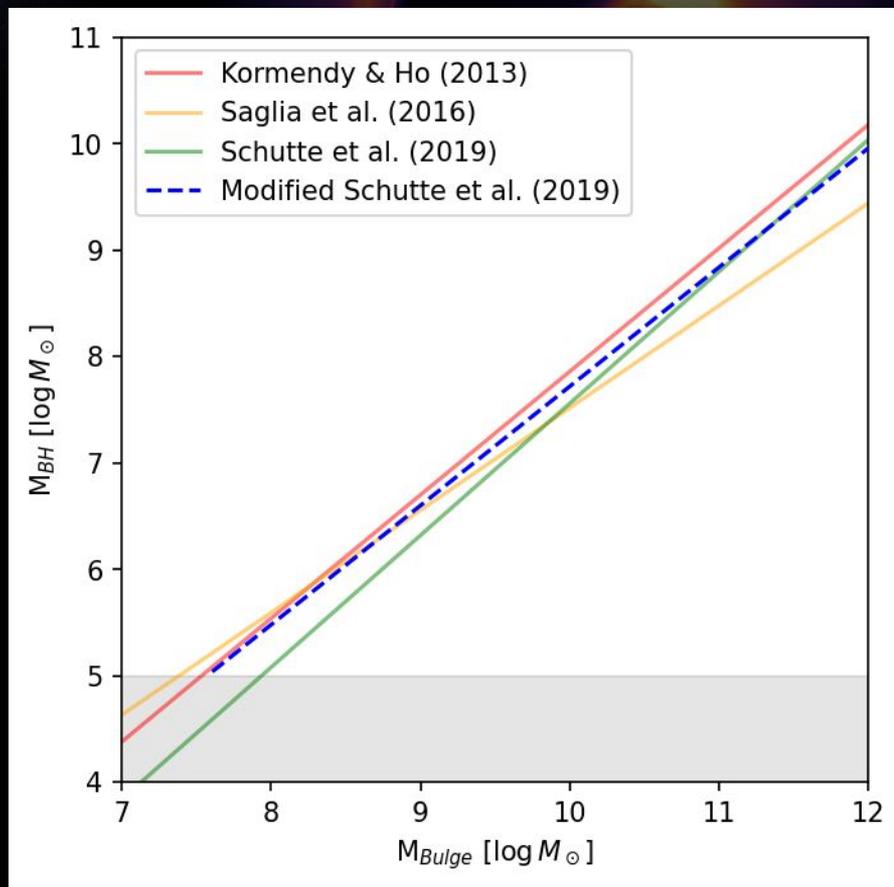


WISE MBI

WISE2MBH: Scaling from mid-IR photometry

Figure: Comparison of different $M_{\text{BH}}-M_{\text{Bulge}}$ scaling relations from the literature, including [Kormendy+2013](#), [Saglia+2016](#), [Schutte+2019](#) and the modified scaling presented in this work. Grey area represents the limit of the WISE2MBH algorithm for $\log M_{\text{BH}} < 5$, where it drops all estimates.

$$\log M_{\text{BH}} = 1.12 \log \left(\frac{M_{\text{Bulge}}}{10^{11}} \right) + 8.84$$



WISE2MBH: Scaling from mid-IR photometry

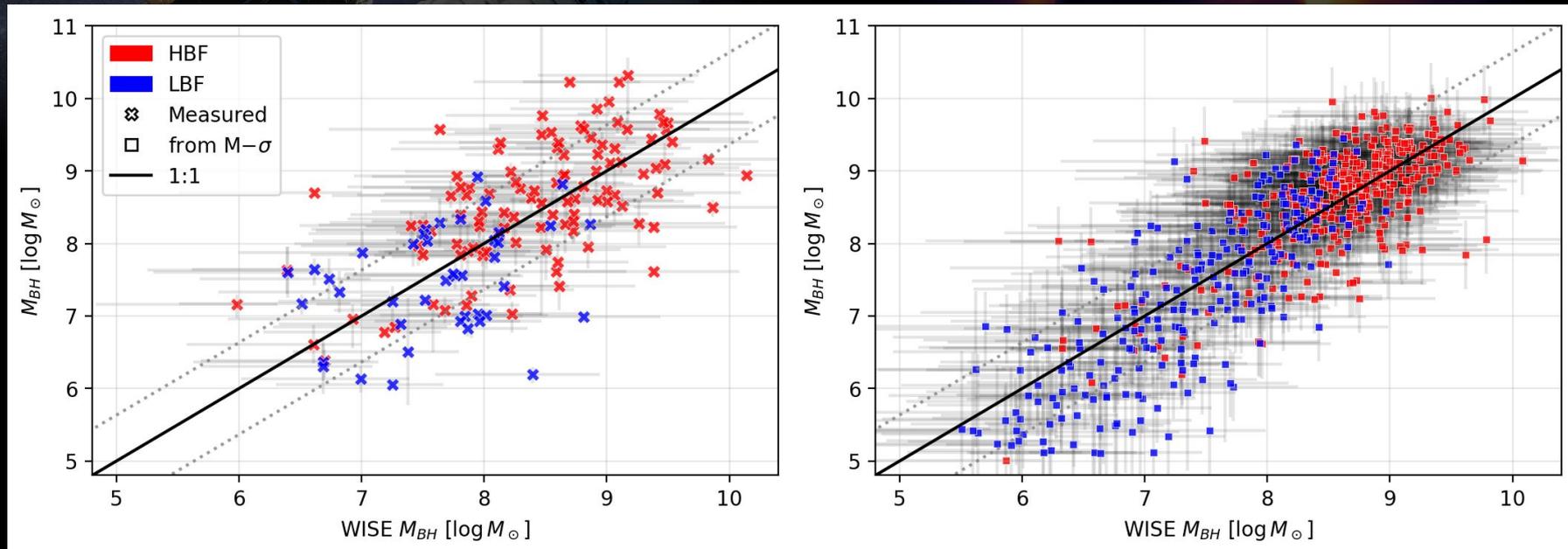
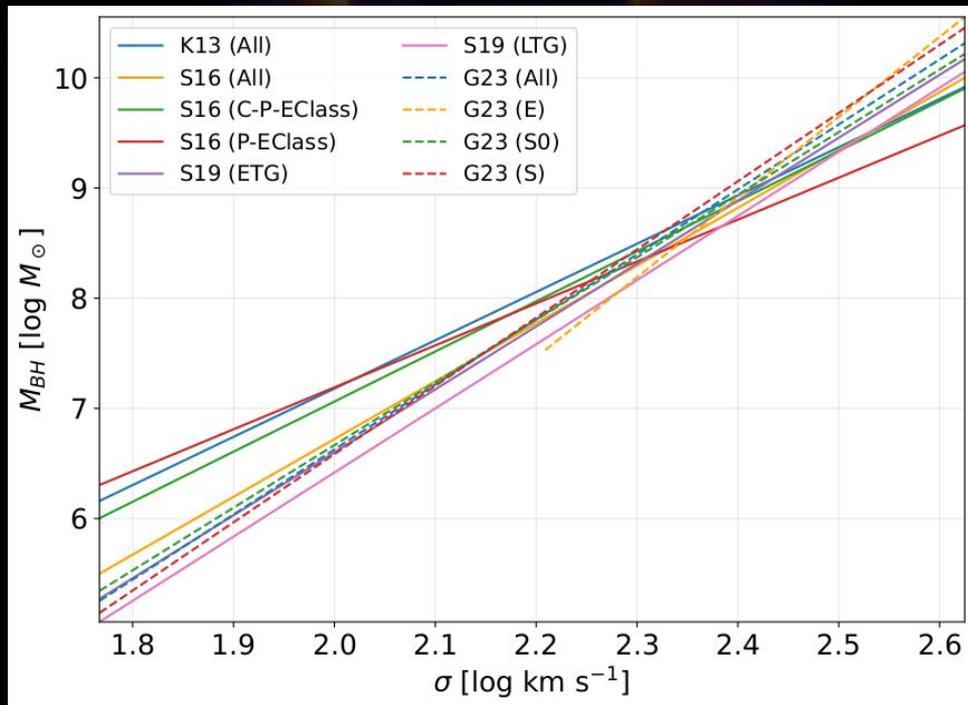


Figure: Comparison diagram of control sample MBH (measurements in right and estimates in left) vs. WISE2MBH estimates. When measurements and estimates are both compared against WISE2MBH a 0.73 correlation score (Spearman) is obtained with a scatter of 0.63 dex

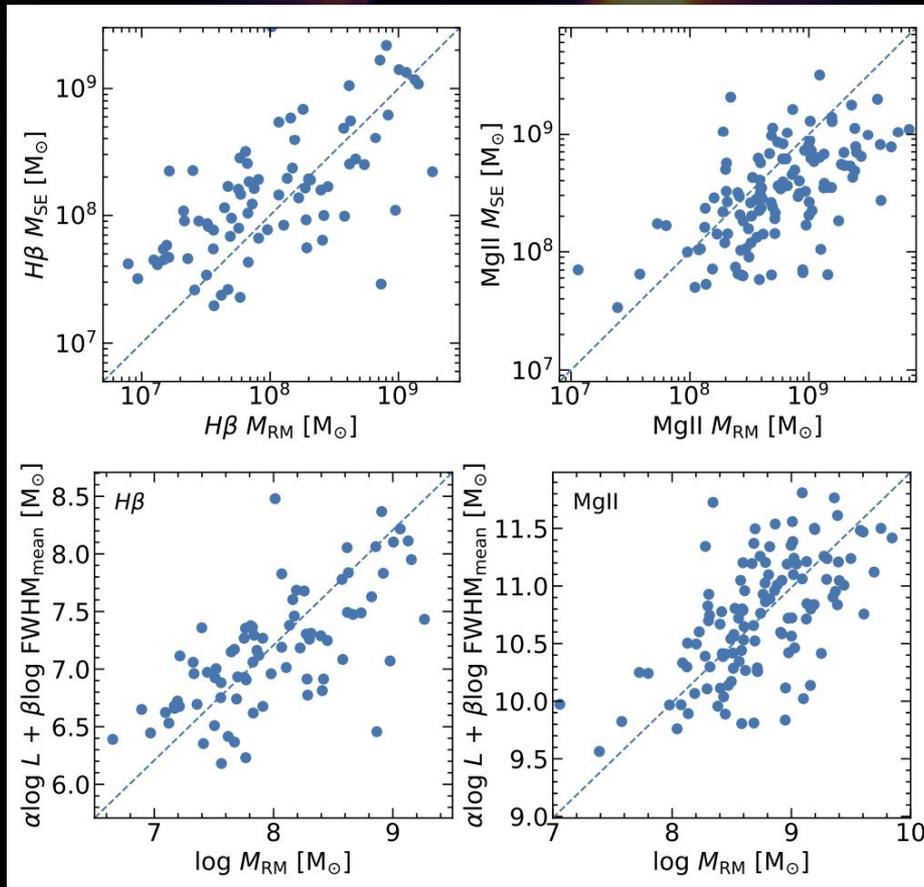
Other indirect MBH estimators

- M-sigma scaling relations (e.g., [Kormendy+13](#), [Saglia+16](#), [Graham23](#)).
- Single-epoch spectra with RM scalings ([Rakshit+20](#), [Shen+24](#)).
- Using MASSIVE total stellar masses ([Veale+17](#)) with scaling from WISE2MBH.
- WISE2MBH with WXSC photometry ([Jarrett+19](#), [Cluver+ in prep](#)).



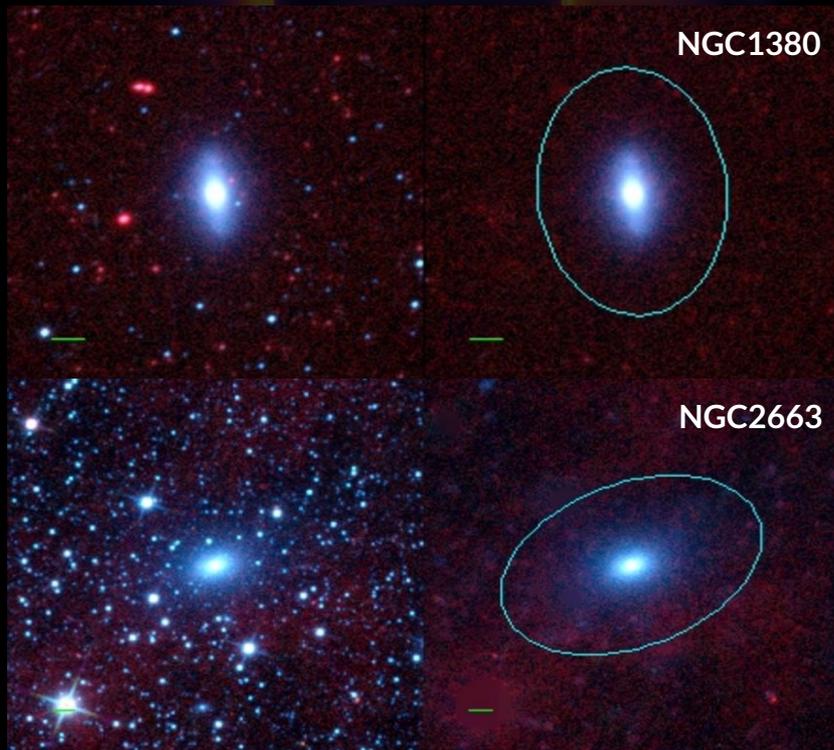
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Do they *agree*?

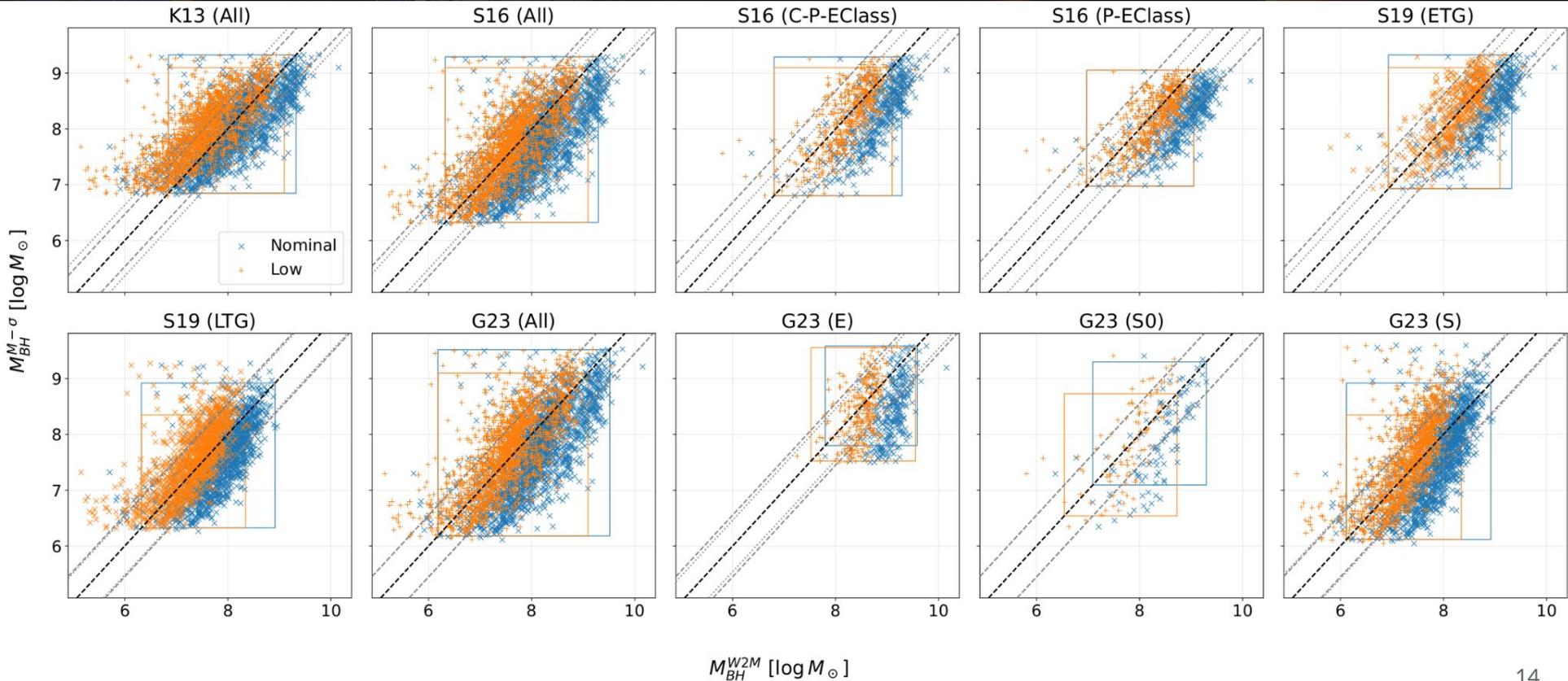


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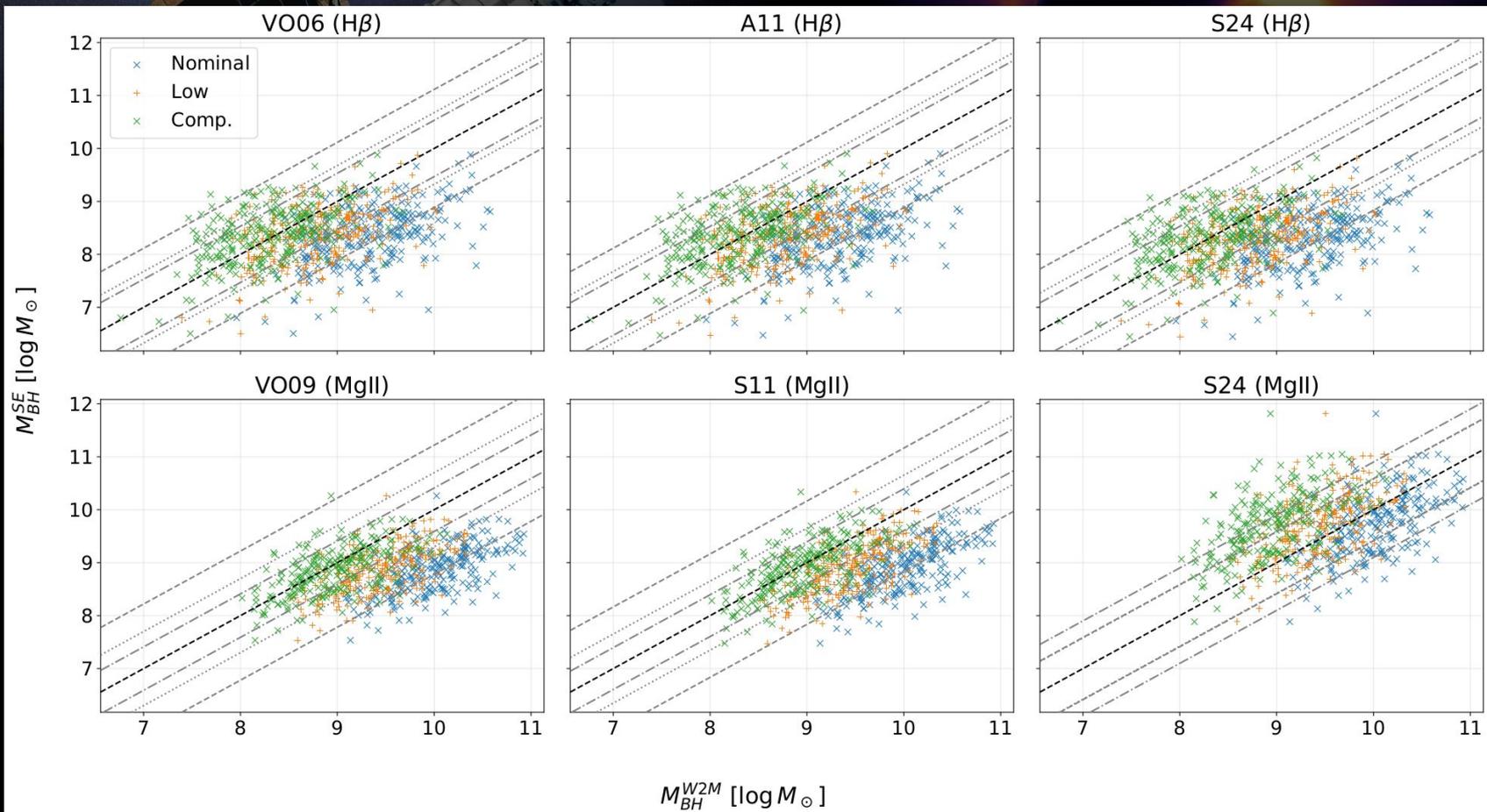
Yes!

kinda...

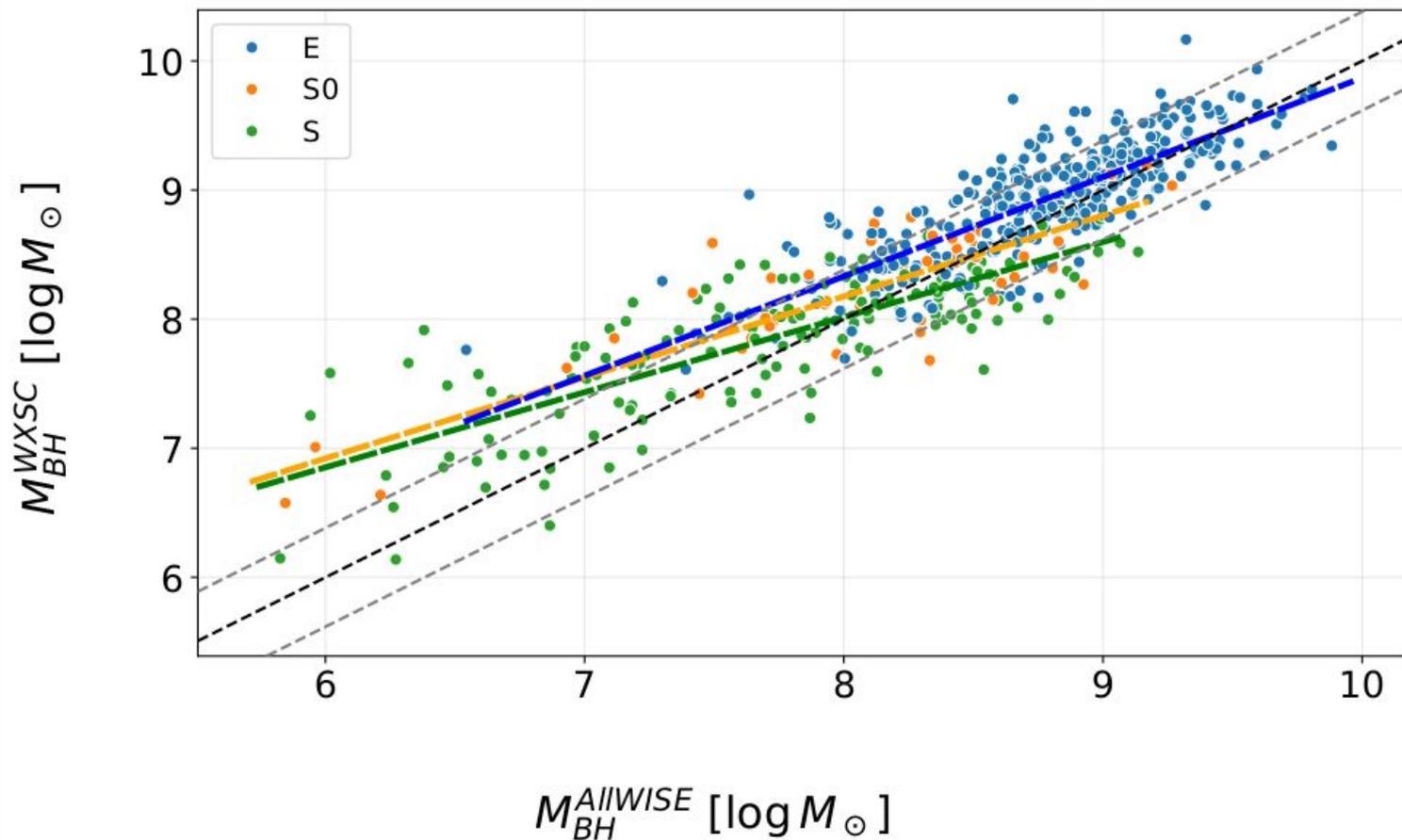
M-sigma vs WISE2MBH



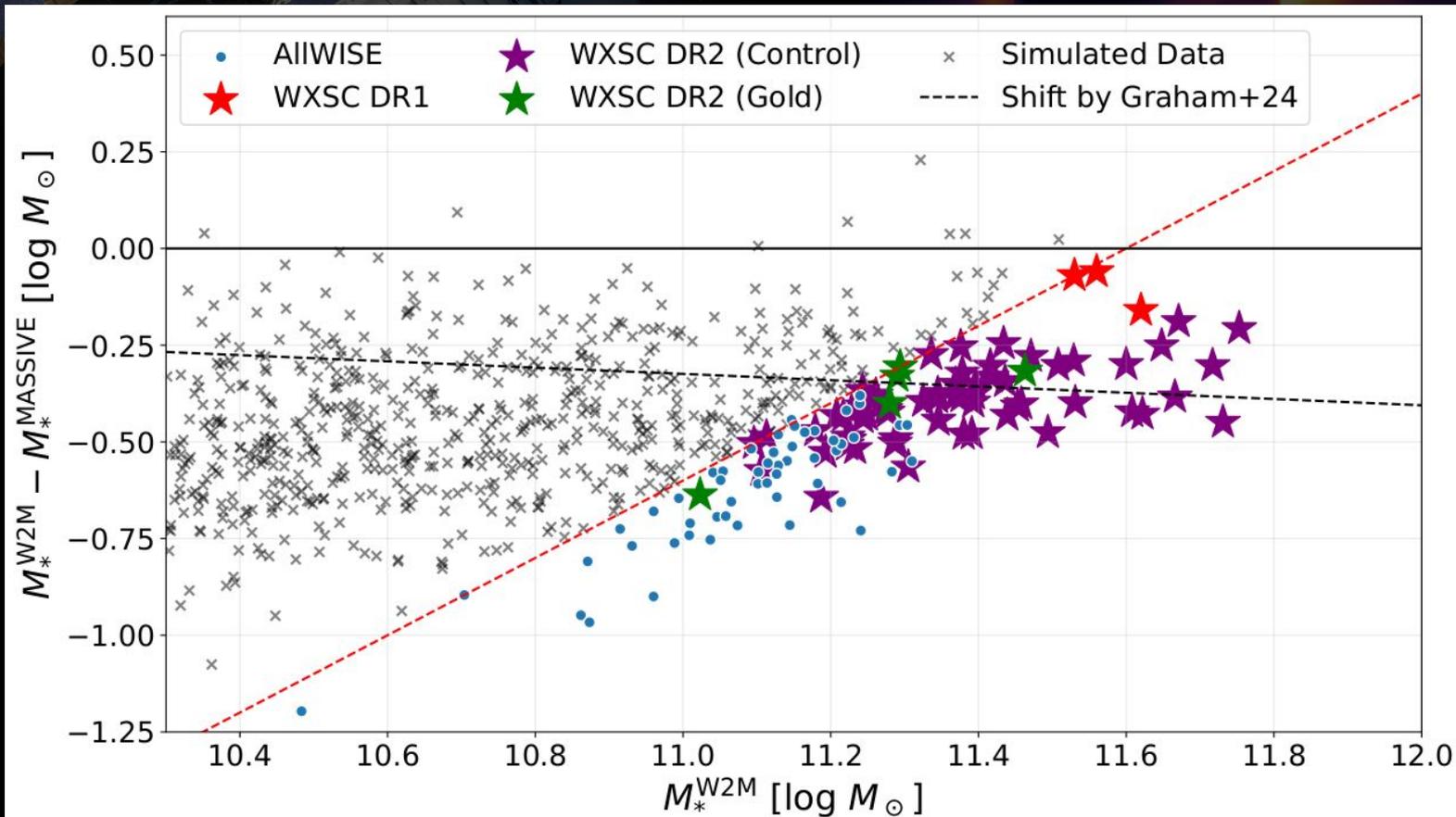
Single-epoch vs WISE2MBH



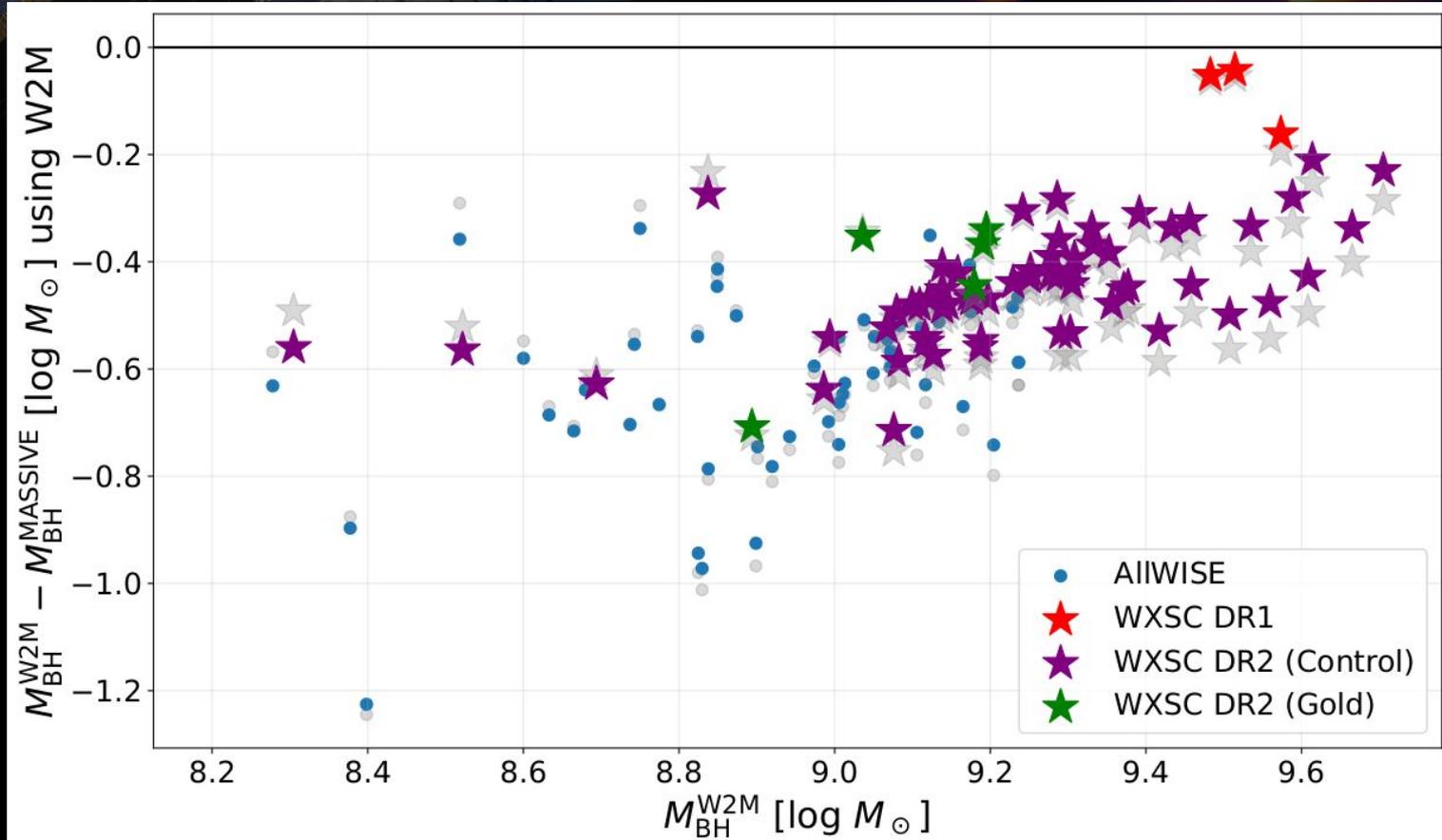
AllWISE vs WXSC using WISE2MBH



MASSIVE vs WISE as a prior estimate in WISE2MBH



MASSIVE vs WISE as a prior estimate in WISE2MBH





Publications

(MNRAS + A&A in prep.)



Code

(Pipeline in GitHub)



WISE2MBH: a scaling-based algorithm for probing supermassive black hole masses through *WISE* catalogues

J. Hernández-Yévenes¹,^{*} N. Nagar²,¹ V. Arratia²,¹ and T. H. Jarrett^{2,3,4}

¹Departamento de Astronomía, Universidad de Concepción, Av. Esteban Iturra s/n, Casilla 160-C, Concepción, Chile

²Department of Astronomy, University of Cape Town, Rondebosch 7700, South Africa

³Centre for Astrophysics and Supercomputing, Swinburne University of Technology, John Street, Hawthorn 3122, Australia

⁴Institute for Astronomy, University of Hawaii at Hilo, 640 N Aohoku Pl 209, Hilo, HI 96720, USA

Accepted 2024 May 15. Received 2024 May 14; in original form 2023 September 27

Welcome to the WISE2MBH repository! 🐱



DOI [10.1093/mnras/stae1372](https://doi.org/10.1093/mnras/stae1372) arXiv [arXiv:2405.18336](https://arxiv.org/abs/2405.18336) version [0.8.1.2](#)

Evaluating and harmonizing systematics of diverse indirect M_{BH} estimators for SMBHs

J. Hernández-Yévenes¹,^{*} T. H. Jarrett²,^{**} N. Nagar¹, M. E. Cluver^{3,4}, and V. Arratia¹

¹ Departamento de Astronomía, Universidad de Concepción, Av. Esteban Iturra s/n, Casilla 160-C, Concepción, Chile

² Institute for Astronomy, University of Hawaii at Hilo, 640 N Aohoku Pl 209, Hilo, HI 96720, USA

³ Centre for Astrophysics and Supercomputing, Swinburne University of Technology, John Street, Hawthorn, 3122, Australia

⁴ Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of the Western Cape, Robert Sobukwe Road, Bellville, 7535, South Africa

Received December XX, 2024; accepted March YY, 2025

Instalation

To install `wise2mbh-0.8.1.2` you will need to have `git` installed. If you don't have it, you can install it in **Linux** with the following command:

```
sudo apt install git
```

To install `wise2mbh-0.8.1.2`, use the following command:

```
pip install git+https://github.com/joacoh/wise2mbh.git
```

THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

